WINONA STATE UNIVERSITY UNIVERSITY STUDIES APPROVAL FORM

Routing form for University Studies Course approval.

Course EFRT 421

Department Recommendation Approved Disapproved
Department estair 1/8/14 itemetre to to monda. esta Department estair
Dean's Recommendation Approved Disapproved*
Janes A. Sherman 1/10/14 Date
*In the case of a dean's recommendation to disapprove a proposal, a written rationale for the recommendation to disapprove shall be provided to the University Studies Subcommittee.
GEPS Recommendation Approved Disapproved No recommendation
Chair, General Education Program Subcommittee Date
A2C2 Recommendation Approved Disapproved
Chair of A2C2 Date
Faculty Senate Recommendation Approved Disapproved
President of Faculty Senate Date
Academic Vice President Recommendation Approved Disapproved
Academic vice resident Accommendation Approved Disapproved
Academic Vice President Date
Decision of President Approved Disapproved
President Date
Please forward to Registrar.
Registrar Please notify department chair via e-mail that curricular change has been recorded.
Date entered

[Revised 10-22-12]

WINONA STATE UNIVERSITY PROPOSAL FOR UNIVERSITY STUDIES COURSES

Department			Date
Course No.	Course Name		Credits
Applies to: Ma	jor Required Elective	Minor Required Elective	
Course Requirements: Basic Skills: 1. College R		Arts & Science Core: 1. Humanities2. Natural Science3. Social Science4. Fine & Performing Arts	Unity and Diversity: 1. Critical Analysis2. Science and Social Policy3. a. Global Perspectives b. Multicultural Perspectives4. a. Contemporary Citizenship b. Democratic Institutions
Flagged Courses: Prerequisites		mmunication	
ovide the following inform			
Please see "Directions f	for the Department" on p	previous page for material to be subm	itted.
tach a <i>University Studies</i>	Approval Form.		
epartment Contact Person	for this Proposal:		
ame (please print)		Phone	e-mail address

2. Course outline of the major topics, themes, subtopics, etc., to be covered in the course. This outline should be, at a minimum, a two-level outline, i.e., consisting of topics and subtopics. This information will be submitted to MnSCU by the WSU Registrar's office.

Curriculum Study

- 1. Motivation
 - a. Behavioral (Skinner)
 - i. Rewards and Punishments
 - 1. Task-Contingent vs. Performance-Contingent Rewards
 - 2. Flow Theory
 - ii. Intrinsic vs. Extrinsic
 - b. Humanistic (Maslow)
 - i. Self-Actualization
 - c. Cognitive (Bruner)
 - i. Expectancy Theory
 - 1. Values
 - ii. Goal Orientation
 - iii. Attribution Theory (Weiner)
 - d. Social Learning (Bandura)
 - i. Self-Regulated Learning
 - e. Socio-Cultural
 - i. Cultural/Gender Differences
 - f. Motivational Concerns
 - i. Learned Helplessness
 - ii. Anxiety
 - iii. Self-Worth
 - iv. Curiosity
 - v. Locus of Control
 - vi. Self-Efficacy
 - g. Educational Implications
 - i. Attitudes
 - ii. Needs
 - iii. Stimulation
 - iv. Affect
 - v. Competence
 - vi. Reinforcement
- 2. Classroom Management (Redl, Kounin, Dreikurs, Skinner, Canter, Gordon, Glasser, Curwin/Mendler, Coloroso, Albert, Carroll, Wong, Emmer, Jones, Marshall, Nelsen/Lott/Glenn, Chuchward, Kagan/Kyle/Scott, Charles, Kohn)
 - a. Environmental Competence
 - i. Room Arrangement
 - ii. Seating Patterns
 - iii. Environmental cues
 - 1. Bullying/Cyberbullying
 - iv. Time Management
 - b. Classroom Rules and Consequences
 - i. Token economy
 - ii. Shaping
 - iii. Contingency Contracting
 - Procedures and Routines
 - i. Responsive Classroom
 - ii. Positive Behavior Intervention Support
 - iii. Proactive
 - iv. Accountability
 - v. Instructional Methods
 - 1. Transitions
 - vi. Seatwork
 - d. Positive Relationships and Climate
 - i. Teacher
 - ii. Student
 - iii. Family
 - iv. Peers
- 5. Course materials (textbook(s), articles, etc.).
 - Charles, C. (2010). Building classroom discipline, 10th Ed. Boston: Pearson.
 - Wong, H. (2009). The First Days of School: How to Be an Effective Teacher, 4th Ed. Mountain View, CA: Harry K. Wong Publications, Inc.

Woolfolk, A. (2014). Educational psychology: Active learning edition, 12th Ed. Boston: Pearson.

Slavin, R. (2012) Educational psychology: Theory and practice, 10th Ed. Boston: Pearson.

References:

Ormrod, J. (2014). Educational psychology: Developing learners, 8th ed. Boston: Pearson

Bohlin, L., Cisero Durwin, C., Reese-Weber, M. (2012). Educational psychology modules, 2nd ed. New York: McGraw Hill.

Santrock, J. (2011). Educational psychology, 5th ed. New York: McGraw Hill.

Sternberg, R. & Williams, W. (2009). Educational psychology, 2nd ed. Boston: Pearson.

Goodman, G. Educational psychology: An application for critical constructivism. New York: Peter Lang Publishing.

Abbeduto, L. & Symons, F. (2007). Taking sides: Classing views in educational psychology. Boston: McGraw Hill.

6. List the student learning outcomes for this course and how each outcome will be assessed.

		Learning opportunities	How these ideas are assessed
a.	understand humans as	This course surveys theories of	All of these ideas are assessed
	individuals and as parts of	learning and development that	through two major projects
	larger social systems;	examine the role of the	associated with this class and
		individual and the individual in	EFRT 441 Curriculum and
		sociocultural context	Assessment: Secondary and K-
b.	understand the historical	These four criteria are closely	12. These two courses are
	context of the social sciences;	connected in this course and in	taught together as a blended
c.	identify problems and frame	practice. The course looks at the	seminar. The students
	research questions relating to	growth of theories of learning	complete major projects where
	humans and their experience;	and development from	they analyze classroom data
d.	become familiar with the	behaviorism to cognitive science	and policy data and make
	process of theory-building and	and to various shades of	instructional and policy
	theoretical frameworks used by	constructivism and how the	recommendations.
	the social sciences;	developed over time.	
e.	understand research methods	Students are introduced to	
	used in the social sciences;	"action research" and other	
		qualitative research methods in	
		education through a "digital	
		ethnography" and a case study of	
		learning.	
f.	describe and detail discipline-	The course is interdisciplinary in	
	specific knowledge and its	its approach to learning and	
	applications; and	development. Students are	
		introduced to psychological,	
		sociological, and anthropological	
		perspectives on learning and	
		development and their	
		similarities and differences.	
g.	understand differences among	The course introduces students to	
	and commonalties across	the impact of race, class, and	
	humans and their experience, as	gender on students participation	
	tied to such variables as gender,	in educational settings both in	
	race, socioeconomic status, etc.	and out of school.	

The request for USP approval for this collection of courses is to stem a temporary problem that resulted from a transition to a new program. These courses are new versions of courses that had USP approval in the past. In this table, the old courses are listed in the middle column and their approved USP area is on the left. Those courses no longer exist and have been replaced by the courses in the right column.

USP area	Old courses	New courses
	EFRT 303: Human Development and	EFRT 400: Human Development and Learning: Elementary
	Learning: Early Childhood (4 cr)	and Early childhood (2 crs)
		EFRT 440: Classroom management: Elementary and Early
0 1101		childhood (1 cr)
Social Science	EFRT 304: Human Development and	EFRT 401: Human Development and Learning: Secondary and
	Learning: Middle childhood (4 cr)	K-12 (2 cr)
	EFRT 305: Human Development and	EFRT 441: Classroom management: Secondary and K-12 (1 cr)
	Learning: Adolescence (4 cr)	
	EFRT 310:	EFRT 420: Curriculum and Assessment: Elementary and Early
		childhood (3 cr)
	EFRT 311:	EFRT 421: Curriculum and Assessment: Secondary and K-12
	EFRT 312:	(3 cr)
	EFRT 308: Student diversity and	EFRT 460: Multicultural Children, Youth, and Families:
	Human Relations	Elementary and Early Childhood (2 cr)
Multicultural		EFRT 461: Multicultural Children, Youth, and Families:
perspectives		Secondary and K-12 (2 cr)
		EFRT 462: Multicultural Children, Youth, and Families, part 2
		(1 cr)

The courses are, in essence, a repackaging of the content in the old courses in an effort to accomplish two things. First, to help the Elementary, K-12 and Secondary education programs reduce to 120 credits. To do that, we reduced the professional education sequence from 13 to 12 credits. Second, to address the phenomenon of students "siloing" course content (e.g., they finish a course and quit thinking about its content as if saying "That was in that course. I'm done with that and don't have to think about it anymore"), we tried to find a way to keep ideas fresh in their minds and make connections among ideas presented in other classes explicit. We did this by dividing the courses into two parts that would be taught in different semesters. The new arrangement of these courses is shown in the following tables.

Elementary and Early Childhood				
Semester 1	EFRT 400: Human Development and Learning:		EFRT 460: Multicultural Children, Youth, and	
	Elementary and Early childhood (2 crs)		Families: Elementary and Early Childhood (2 cr)	
Semester 2	EFRT 440: Classroom management: Elementary and Early childhood (1 cr)	EFRT 420: Curriculum and	Assessment: Elementary and Early childhood (3 cr)	
Semester 3	EFRT 459: The Professiona	al Educator (3 cr)	EFRT 462: Multicultural Children, Youth, and Families, part 2 (1 cr)	

Secondary and K-12				
Semester 1	EFRT 401: Human Development and Learning:		EFRT 461: Multicultural Children, Youth, and	
	Secondary and K-12 (2 crs)		Families: Secondary and K-12 (2 cr)	
Semester 2	EFRT 441: Classroom	EFRT 421: Curriculum and	Assessment: Secondary and K-12 (3 cr)	
	management: Secondary			
	and K-12 (1 cr)			
Semester 3	EFRT 459: The Professional Educator (3 cr		EFRT 462: Multicultural	
			Children, Youth, and Fan	nilies,
			part 2 (1 cr)	

So, our request for USP approval is really a request to transfer approval from the old courses to the new courses.

It is necessary to get USP approval for these courses because a number of students in the education programs are trapped in the change to the new professional education sequence. They began fulfilling their general education requirements under the University Studies program where they were counting on the old EFRT courses to meet these three USP areas. When we switched to the new program and quit offering the old courses, the USP credits were no longer available. We are requesting USP approval for these courses to allow the students caught in the transition to complete their program as they intended.